

SYMPTOMS	POSSIBLE CURE
Fabric Conditioner Syphoning Prematurely	Is the quantity of conditioner being used correct? Is the drawer being 'slammed' shut? – if so, a wave effect occurs and the Fabric Conditioner may operate the syphon. Is the drawer pushed fully home? – even if the drawer is only opened momentarily during filling, premature syphoning may occur. Is the machine leaning backwards, if so the syphon may operate. If premature syphoning does occur on your washing machine, this can be drastically reduced by using concentrated fabric conditioner rather than the normal. Ensure flap is fitted correctly. See page 7. Make sure the flap is fitted correctly. Is the drawer jammed with detergent?
Powder dispenser drawer won't close properly	
The programme sticks at the end of the wash or during the rinses	Has the drain hose been installed correctly? If not, syphoning could occur and this will halt the programme. Check the installation instructions. It is important that you do not remove hooked end support and push the hose too far down the waste standpipe.
It's stopped in mid programme	After the initial fill, the machine may sometimes pause while the heater comes into operation. It should continue after the selected temperature is reached. Has it stopped on Crease Care? If so, press the button to continue the programme. <b>Note:</b> The Crease Care light (if fitted) only operates when the Crease Care feature is reached in the programme.

SYMPTOMS	POSSIBLE CURE
Steam is coming out of the detergent dispenser drawer	During HOT washes the machine is designed to vent steam from the dispenser drawer and this is quite normal.
The door won't open	Has the programme finished? Could it be on Crease Care? Is there water still in the machine? Check your drain outlet and waste pipe connection. If your waste installation is wrong, water could be running back into the machine causing the door to lock! Spin out and try again.
The clothes are not dry enough	Did you select the right programme for the type of fabric? Did the water pump out? (Check waste plumbing arrangements.)
<b>IF YOU INSTALL YOUR MACHINE CORRECTLY AND FOLLOW THE USER INSTRUCTIONS SUPPLIED, YOU ARE UNLIKELY TO EXPERIENCE DIFFICULTIES.</b>	

If you have been through the above and your machine still is not working properly you should call your nearest Service office.

# How to get the best out of your Creda 1000 Supasped washing machine

**Models 17029, 17030, 17041, 17048**

**You must read these instructions prior to using the appliance and retain them for future reference.**

# Creda 1000 Supaspeed Washing machine

This instruction book applies to the following models:

- Creda 1000 Supaspeed (17029) White
- Creda 1000 Supaspeed (17030) Brown
- Creda 1000 Supaspeed (17041) Ivory
- Creda 1000 Supaspeed (17048) White

Now that you are the owner of a Creda Automatic washing machine, it is important that you read this book carefully. This book will tell you how to get the best from your new Creda washing machine to ensure that you always obtain the cleanest, freshest wash possible. You must read it through carefully before your first wash.

## IMPORTANT

**TO PROTECT YOUR NEW WASHING MACHINE DURING TRANSIT SEVERAL INTERNAL COMPONENTS HAVE BEEN SECURED WITH TRANSIT PACKING. THIS PACKING MUST BE REMOVED BEFORE USING THE MACHINE.**

**FOR UNPACKING, INSTALLATION AND PLUMBING, PLEASE SEE THE ADDITIONAL INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION BOOK.**

**NEVER REMOVE THE REAR PANEL WHILST THE MACHINE IS PLUGGED INTO THE ELECTRICITY SUPPLY.**

**AS WITH ANY ELECTRICAL PRODUCT, CHILDREN MUST NOT BE ALLOWED TO PLAY WITH OR OTHERWISE INTERFERE WITH THE WASHING MACHINE.**

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# Something Wrong With Your Machine

Before calling out a service engineer, have a quick look through the following fault finding list - it could save a lot of time and trouble: -

SYMPTOMS	POSSIBLE CURE
It won't start	Is it switched on? Is there a fuse in the plug and, if so, has it blown? Are all the wires in the plug correctly secure? Is the door properly shut?
It doesn't fill	Are the taps and stop cocks turned on? Are the water inlet hoses kinked? Have you switched the machine on?
It's slow to fill	Check that the water pressure is correct. (see page 11) and that the water filters are clean. Are water taps in use elsewhere in the house?
It won't empty	Is the drain hose kinked?
It takes a long time to heat up	Your own hot water supply may not be hot enough so that it takes the machine longer to heat the water to the wash starting temperature. Check fill hose connections, they may be the wrong way round.
Drum keeps on stopping and starting	It should do, as this is the normal washing and drying action.
Suds are overflowing	You could be using the wrong type of powder or too much (see page 12). To remove the suds, switch off and advance the Programme Selector dial to the first rinse, switch on and allow the cycle to complete.
Machine stops at end of final rinse	Is Crease Care switch selected?
Clothes are not as clean as usual	Has a 'Fast Wash' programme been used for heavily soiled clothes? Has the Economy Wash switch been selected when not required? (i.e. when washing heavily soiled clothes).

SYMPTOMS	POSSIBLE CURE
Water is leaking out	Are the hot and cold water inlet hose connections to the machine tight enough and are the seal washers in position? Is the detergent dispenser drawer fully closed? Is the outlet from the detergent dispenser blocked?
The clothes come out wet	You may have selected the wrong programme for the type of fabric. Is the drain hose kinked?
It makes a noise or vibrates during spin	Your automatic will make some noises, especially while spinning. If vibration is excessive, check that you have removed the transit packing. See Installation Instructions and back of machine. Small loads of heavy or bulky items (towels, bath mats, jeans, etc.) can cause out of balance conditions but the machine will usually sort itself out. Check that your machine is resting firmly on the floor. See Installation Instructions regarding levelling of the machine. <b>Note:</b> Rattling or scraping noises are not normal and may need attention! Some noise is unavoidable with all machines. However, it helps if the machine is standing on a flat surface and not touching anything.
Machine continually emptying	This is probably as a result of the end of the outlet hose being less than 50cm/20in from the floor.
Power cut/failure	If you have a power failure while washing and wish to open the door. <b>FIRST SWITCH OFF THE MACHINE AND REMOVE THE PLUG.</b> If the water level can be seen in the door window it must first be drained. This can be done by lowering the drain hose into a bucket or bowl. Take care, however, as the water could be very hot and may fill more than one bowl. To stop the flow just raise the drain hose. You can completely empty the machine of water in this way. The door may now be opened.

If you have been through the above and your machine still is not working properly you should call your nearest Service office.

Creda Limited  
Creda Works  
Blythe Bridge, Stoke-on-Trent  
England. ST11 9LJ  
Telephone: 0782 388388



# Regular Checks

It is essential that you use and look after your washing machine in accordance with the instructions in this book.

As with any major appliance, there are certain aspects which require regular attention. Without such attention, it is possible that there may be a premature requirement for servicing.

Listed below are a number of such key areas which in your own interest you should check regularly.

**Before calling out a service engineer, ensure that the checks below and on pages 11 and 15 have been carried out. Should the service engineer find nothing wrong with the machine, we regret that we will have to charge for the service call.**

## Key Regular Check Items

- 1. Water Leaks**
  - 1.1 From Back of Machine**
    - Are the inlet hoses securely tightened? (see page 6).
    - Is the outlet hose correctly and securely positioned?
  - 1.2 From Front of Machine**
    - Check that there is no dirt or lint trapped between the lip of the rubber door seal and the door glass.
    - Check that the detergent dispenser is not prevented from closing tightly due to a build-up of detergent. Remove and clean (see page 7).
- 2. Machine Vibrating**
  - Check that the transit bracket has been removed (see Installation Instructions).
  - Check that the machine is level.
- 3. Option Switches**
  - Check after use that all the option switches are in the **Off** position.

# Optional Extras

Longer fill hoses and a drain hose extension kit are available for applications where it is not possible to move the home plumbing closer to the machine.

You will need a special adaptor if only a cold water supply is available. This too is available as an optional extra.

These can be obtained from your local retailer or Creda Limited, see separate spares and service leaflet.

## Plumbing Service

Creda Limited offer a washing machine plumbing-in service for Creda appliance owners at competitive rates.

If you require your washing machine to be professionally installed please contact any of the telephone numbers listed on the separate spares and service leaflet.

## Replacement Fuse Covers (See page 3)

These can be obtained from your local retailer or Creda Limited, see separate spares and service leaflet.

# Electrical Requirements

**CAUTIONARY NOTE — CHILDREN: A CHILD COULD CLIMB INTO AN UNATTENDED WASHING MACHINE.**

**WHEN THE MACHINE IS NOT IN USE REMOVE THE PLUG SWITCH OFF AT THE WALL SOCKET AND CLOSE THE DOOR. WARNING — THIS APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED.**

**REFER TO RATING PLATE FOR VOLTAGE AND CHECK THAT THE APPLIANCE VOLTAGE CORRESPONDS WITH THE SUPPLY VOLTAGE.**

If the flexible mains lead is supplied connected to a B.S.1363 fused plug having a fuse of 13 amp capacity and should this plug not fit the socket outlet in your home, it should be cut off and replaced with a suitable plug as outlined below.

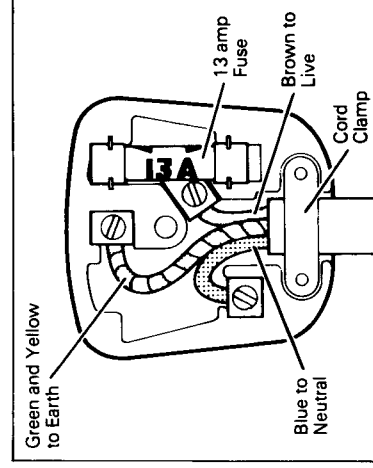
**Note:** Such a plug cannot be used for any other appliance and should therefore be properly disposed of and not left where children might find it and plug it into a supply socket — with the obvious consequent danger.

**APPLICABLE ONLY IF THE MOULDED PLUG IS REMOVED OR A PLUG IS NOT SUPPLIED**

The flexible mains lead must be correctly connected as below to a three pin plug of not less than 13 amp capacity.  
If a B.S.1363 fused plug is used, it must be fitted with a 13 amp fuse which is approved to B.S.1362. We recommend the use of good quality plugs and wall sockets that can be switched off when the machine is not in use.

**IMPORTANT:** The wires in the mains lead fitted to this appliance are coloured in accordance with the following code:

GREEN AND YELLOW — EARTH  
BLUE — NEUTRAL  
BROWN — LIVE



As the colours of the wires in the mains lead of this appliance may not correspond with the coloured markings identifying the terminals in your plug, proceed as follows: —

The wire which is coloured green and yellow must be connected to the terminal in the plug which is marked with the letter E or by the earth symbol  $\perp$  or coloured green or green and yellow.

The wire which is coloured blue must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter N or coloured black.

The wire which is coloured brown must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter L or coloured red.

When wiring the plug, ensure that all strands of wire are securely retained in each terminal. Do not forget to tighten the mains lead clamp on the plug. If your electricity supply point has only two pin socket outlets, or if you are in doubt, consult a qualified electrician.

Should the mains lead ever require replacement, it is essential that this operation be carried out by a qualified electrician and should only be replaced with a flexible cord of the same size i.e. 1.25mm<sup>2</sup>.

**APPLICABLE ONLY IF A MOULDED PLUG IS FITTED**

After replacement of a fuse in the plug, the fuse cover must be refitted. If the fuse cover is lost, the plug must not be used until a replacement cover is obtained. The colour of the correct replacement fuse cover is that of the coloured insert in the base of the plug or the colour that is embossed in words in the base of the fuse recess or elsewhere on the plug. Always state this colour when ordering a replacement fuse cover. (See page 14 for availability).

Only 13 amp replacement fuses which are ASTA approved to B.S.1362 should be fitted.

**Note:** Socket outlets are not permitted in bathrooms, neither should any provision be made for connecting moveable electrical appliances. No stationary appliance is to be installed within reach of a person using bath or shower.

This appliance conforms to B.S. 800: 1988 and EEC directive 87/308 regarding suppression of radio and television interference.

# Water Hardness Guide

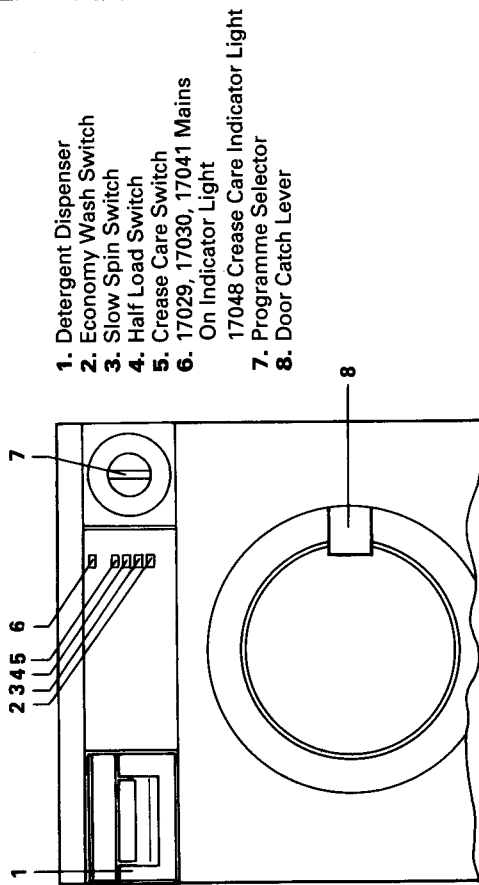
The tabulation below shows the water hardness throughout the country. In some areas water hardness is variable. There is an accepted standard of measure for classifying the relative hardness of any water:

	Key	Parts per million as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	Degrees Clark	Degrees French
Soft	S	0-50	0-3.5	0-5
Moderately Soft	MS	50-100	3.5-7.0	5-10
Slightly Hard	SH	100-150	7.0-10.5	10-15
Moderately Hard	MH	150-200	10.5-14.0	15-20
Hard	H	200-300	14.0-21.0	20-30
Very Hard	VH	over 300	over 21.0	over 30

Area	Authority	Water Hardness	Area	Authority	Water Hardness
Argyll	Scotland	S	Loch Lomond	Scotland	S
Ashborne	Severn-Trent	MS-H	Loch Turret	Scotland	MH-VH
Avon and Dorset	Wessex	H	London-Metropolitan	Thames	S-SH
Ayrshire	Scotland	S	Lune Valley	North West	M-SH
Birmingham	Severn-Trent	S-VH	Macclesfield	North West	S-MH
Bolton	North West	S	Makerefield	North West	S
Bournemouth	Wessex	H	Manchester	North West	S-VH
Bristol	H-VH	H-H	Mersey Valley	Severn-Trent	S-MH
Cambridge	Anglia	SH-H	Montgomery	Northumbrian	MH
Carlisle	North West	MS	Newcastle & Gateshead	Severn-Trent	MS-MH
Cheshire-Mid	North West	MS-H	Nottingham	Northumbrian	SH
Cheshire-South	North West	SH-H	Northumbrian	Northumbrian	SH-VH
Chiltern	Thames	VH	Northumbrian	Severn-Trent	S-SH
Clyde-Lower	Scotland	S	Nuneaton	North West	S
Clyde-Upper	Scotland	H-VH	Pennine-West	North West	S
Colne Valley	North West	H	Plymouth	Thames	H-VH
Corby & District	North West	H	Preston & District	Severn-Trent	H
Cumbria South	North West	S-MH	Rickmansworth &	Scotland	MH
Cumbria North	North West	S	Salop	Scotland	S-VH
Derbyshire-North	Severn-Trent	S-H	Salop	Scotland	S
Derbyshire-South	Severn-Trent	MH	Scilly Isles	Scotland	S-H
Derwent Valley	Severn-Trent	S	Scotland-Mid	Scotland	MH-VH
East Anglia	Anglia	H-VH	Scotland-North	Scotland	H
Eastbourne	Southern	SH-VH	Scotland-North East	Scotland	S
Eden	North West	S-MH	Scotland-South East	Scotland	S-H
Essex	Anglia	S-VH	Scotland-South West	Scotland	S-MH
Exeter	South West	S-VH	Sherwood	Severn-Trent	MH-VH
Fife & Kinross	Scotland	S-VH	Somerset	Wessex	S-VH
Folkestone & District	Southern	S-VH	Stafford	Severn-Trent	H-VH
Fylde	North West	S-SH	Staffordshire-South	Severn-Trent	H-VH
Gloucester	Severn-Trent	S-SH	Staffordshire-South	North West	SH
Guernsey	—	MH-VH	Stockport	North West	S
Hampshire Central	Southern	H	Sunderland &	Northumbrian	MS-VH
Hampshire North	Southern	H	South Shields	Thames	MS
Hampshire West	Southern	H	Surrey East	H-VH	H-VH
Hantspool	Southern	H	Surrey North	H	H
Inverness-shire	Northumbrian	H-VH	Sussex	Southern	MS
Ireland Eastern	Scotland	S-MH	Sussex East	Southern	MS
Ireland Northern	—	S-H	Sussex Mid	Southern	S-H
Ireland Southern	—	MS	Sussex North West	Southern	MS-VH
Ireland Western	—	S-VH	Sutton District	Thames	SH
Isle of Wight	—	MS	Tees	Northumbrian	S-M
Jersey	—	MH	Tending Hundred	Anglia	H
Kent	Southern	H	Truro	South West	S-SH
Kent East	Southern	H	Truro	Thames	MS-VH
Kent Mid	Southern	H	Wales	Severn-Trent	MH-VH
Kent West	Southern	SH-VH	Warwickshire	Northumbrian	S
Lakes & Lune	North West	MS-H	Wear	Northumbrian	H
Lambourne	Thames	SH-VH	Wiltshire	Thames	S
Lanarkshire	North West	SH-VH	Wolverhampton	Severn-Trent	SH-VH
Lancashire	North West	S-VH	Worcestershire-North	Severn-Trent	S-VH
Lee Valley	North West	S-VH	Worcestershire-South	Severn-Trent	M-SH
Leicester	Thames	MH-VH	Wrexham & East	Severn-Trent	M-SH
Liverpool	Severn-Trent	VH	Denbighshire	Welsh	SH
	North West	S-SH	York	Yorkshire	H
	North West	S-SH	Yorkshire North	Yorkshire	S-VH

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# Know Your Machine



1. Detergent Dispenser
2. Economy Wash Switch
3. Slow Spin Switch
4. Half Load Switch
5. Crease Care Switch
6. 17029, 17030, 17041 Mains On Indicator Light
7. 17048 Crease Care Indicator Light
8. Programme Selector

# Controls

## Door

Pull the door handle to open the door.  
The door can only be opened when:  
The machine is stopped, i.e. the programme selector is pushed in and the drum is stationary.

**Programme Selector**  
The selector is marked with the following symbols.

- P/ Prewash
- W/ etc Wash Programmes
- F/ Fast Wash Programme
- Long Spin
- Short Spin
- Stop

The selector is divided into four sectors (marked for programme ; programmes , , and ; for programmes , and Fast Wash and for programme each of which gives a wash to I.T.C.L. (International Textile Care Label) specification.

The selector also includes:  
Rinse/Spin and Spin only programmes (see pages 6 and 7).

To start any wash programme the programme selector knob must be fully pulled out.

**THE SELECTOR MUST BE TURNED IN A CLOCKWISE DIRECTION ONLY AND MUST NOT BE TURNED WHEN PULLED OUT.**

# Detergents

## Washing Powder

Use a low lather powder for front loading automatic machines. This type of powder is specially made to suit front loading automatic washing machines and can be used in hard or soft water. Ordinary powders produce so much lather that clothes will not tumble freely or be properly washed and you may even get lather overflow.

Use enough powder. To get your clothes clean it is essential that enough powder is used in the machine.  
The correct amount will depend on a number of things — the hardness of the water, the size of load and the amount of soiling present. As a guide we suggest you follow the table below and adjust the amounts in the light of your personal experience. You may find it helps to use a cup for measuring the right amount at first. (Do not use a water softener additive in the machine itself).

## How much to use in your machine

	Programmes using the Prewash			Programmes not using the Prewash
	Prewash	Main-wash	Total	
HARD WATER Full load or heavy soiling Small load or light soiling	1 cup	2 cups	3 cups	2 cups 1 ½ cups
	1 cup	1 cup	2 cups	
SOFT WATER Full load or heavy soiling Small load or light soiling	1 cup	1 cup	2 cups	1 ½ cups ¾ cup
	½ cup	½ cup	1 cup	

One cup holds approximately 100 grams.

## Liquid Detergents

Liquid detergents may be used in this appliance. The dosage required is recommended on the relevant manufacturers products. Do not use liquid detergents if a pre-wash programme is required.

# Conditioners

A fabric conditioner is strongly recommended. When added it will give a fresh softness to your washing and eliminate the problem of static cling from synthetics.

Fabric conditioner and washing powder can be put in the dispenser at the same time. Add fabric conditioner, in line with the instructions given on the bottle, to the fabric conditioner compartment of the dispenser at the beginning of every wash and your machine will automatically add it to the final rinse. Remember that different types of conditioner will have different instructions.

The use of fabric conditioner in your washing machine will also be beneficial in the drying process, if you own a tumble dryer. Not only will the problem of static be eliminated but your clothes will be softer, and creasing will be reduced.

## Option Switches

The option switches allow you to vary the content of the wash programme.

To select an option press the switch **IN** |

To cancel an option press the switch **OUT** ⊥

## Crease Care Switch

When selected, the clothes will stay immersed and suspended in the final rinse water and the machine will stop. (At this point the Crease Care Indicator Light will come on – Model 17048 only.) This option is essential when washing delicate or synthetic articles if they are going to be left in the drum for a long time after the wash programme is completed, in order to prevent the garments from becoming heavily creased.

To start the machine again for the finishing spin, simply switch **off** the Crease Care switch. (The Indicator Light will go out – 17048 only.) The drum will revolve to distribute the clothing and continue into spin.

This option is only available on programmes **1**, **2**, **3**, and **4**.

## Half Load Switch

The most economical way to use the machine is to wash full loads of garments to get the most efficient use of water, powder and electricity. When washing small loads the half load switch can be used and less detergent may be used. When selected, the half load switch reduces the quantity of water used both for washing and for rinsing.

It should be used only for small loads and must not be used on programme **5**.

## Slow Spin Switch

When selected it reduces the final spin speed from 1000rpm to 500rpm. Unless specified the machine will always spin at the faster spin speed.

Don't use on programme **1** nor for full loads or when washing large objects such as bedspreads as the Slow Spin will not get them dry enough. On programme **2** and **3** it should be used if you do not intend to tumble dry and you wish to minimise creasing.

Slow Spin does not get the clothes quite as dry as the normal speed.

## Economy Wash Switch

When washing lightly soiled clothes, selecting this option will switch off the machine's own heater, so your clothes are washed at the temperature of the incoming water, giving a saving in energy and cost. Some items washed repeatedly using this option may need occasional washing at the maximum temperature to retain full whiteness.

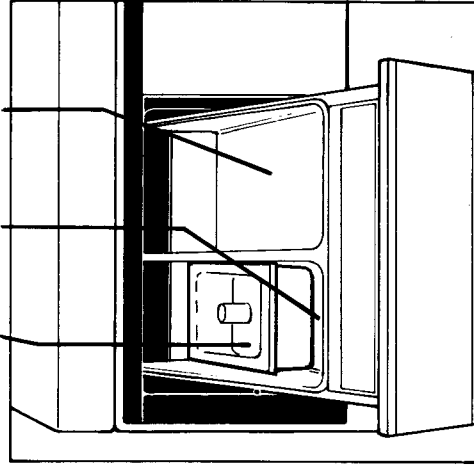
# Detergent Dispenser

The detergent dispenser has three compartments, two for detergent and one for fabric conditioner.

Fabric Conditioner

Detergent (Prewash)



Detergent (Main Wash)




**PLEASE NOTE:** When fabric conditioner is added, the compartment **must not** be overfilled. To avoid clogging, detergent **must not** be allowed to get into the fabric conditioner compartment. **Never pull out** the drawer when the machine is filling.

# To Carry Out a Simple Wash

e.g. Coloured Cotton  or 

1. If the machine is not plumbed in remember you must first hook the drain hose into the standpipe. Connect the red inlet hose to your hot water supply and the blue inlet hose to the cold supply and turn the taps on. **Do not** use your sink for other purposes at the same time as your washing machine is in use, as the discharge water could be very hot.
2. Ensure that your 13 amp plug from the machine is plugged in and the power is switched on at the main socket.
3. Sort the clothes into batches and select items marked  or . Always ensure that pockets are emptied, and it is advisable to loosely tie apron and pyjama strings and do up zips. Badly soiled or stained clothes should be specially treated **before** washing (see Prewash section below).


On this programme the drum of your machine will take up to a maximum load of 5kg/11 lbs dry weight — do not exceed this. Pull the door catch lever to open the door, and load the machine. Clothes should be placed into the drum separately. Then close the door.

4. If your water is of average hardness and you are washing a full load of clothes, add two cupfuls of detergent to the main wash compartment in the detergent dispenser. To do this pull the dispenser drawer out as far as possible and add the detergent. Ensure that the dispenser drawer is fully closed as otherwise leaks will occur. Only detergents suitable for front loading automatic machines should be used.
5. Set the programme selector to position  turning clockwise only. Pull out the programme selector. The machine will now start.
6. When the wash programme is finished, the machine will stop with the programme selector in the position marked **O**. Push in the programme selector knob.
7. Pull the door catch lever to open the door. After removing the clothes, switch off the electricity at the wall switch and turn off the water taps.

8. After completing your initial wash, you can now proceed to successfully follow any of the other main wash programmes with complete confidence and knowledge of your machine.

## Variations on a Simple Wash

### Prewash

Prewash is available on all programmes except programme .




If you have heavily soiled items to wash and wish to prewash first, merely select the position on the programme selector. The machine will give a low temperature prewash and then stop with the programme selector in the position marked **O**. Push the programme selector in and then select the required main wash.

For a cold prewash, press in the Economy button as well.

### Fast Wash




This programme provides a shorter wash for any lightly soiled garments, excluding wool. The results obtained using this programme may not be of the standard of the normal full wash programmes.

### Lightly Soiled Cotton Garments

It is possible to obtain a shorter wash period for lightly soiled cotton garments by selecting a different programme position from that indicated on the garments e.g. lightly soiled cotton garments colour-fast at 60°C (care label  or ) can be washed by selecting programme position  instead of the usual position.

Also lightly soiled white cottons can be washed at a temperature lower than the recommended temperature using the Economy Wash switch (see page 5).

### Using the Machine to Rinse and Spin

The number of rinses selected can be varied between one and three, depending on the rinse-mark position selected. For hard-wearing materials the rinse section following programmes ,  and  should be selected.

# Checking Water Pressures

## Operating water pressures

Minimum: 27 kilonewtons per square metre (3 p.s.i.)  
Maximum: 979 kilonewtons per square metre (150 p.s.i.)


You should check that your water pressures are satisfactory by carrying out the following tests.

## Cold water

With the taps full on check the time it takes for the machine to fill.

1. Close the door and the detergent drawer.
2. Set the Programme Selector Dial to Prewash. This is cold fill only.
3. Pull out the Programme Selector. Measure the time it takes from pressing in the power switch until the water level reaches the lower lip of the drum. This time should be between 1 ¼ and 4 minutes. If the time exceeds 4 minutes then the water flow is insufficient.
4. Push in the Programme Selector.
5. Turn the Programme Selector to a spin position. Pull out the Programme Selector and allow the machine to empty.

## Hot water

1. Close the door and the detergent drawer.
2. Set the Programme Selector Dial to programme position . Switch off the cold fill valve so that it is hot fill only.
3. Pull out the Programme Selector. Measure the time it takes from pressing in the power switch until the water level reaches the lower lip of the drum. This time should not exceed 4 minutes. If the time does exceed 4 minutes then the water flow is insufficient.
4. Push in the Programme Selector.
5. Turn the Programme Selector to a spin position. Pull out the Programme Selector to allow the machine to empty.

**N.B.** If your water pressure is too low, contact your local Creda Spares Centre.

# Stain Removal


1. Always treat as soon as possible. Rinse in cold water or warm solution before washing.
2. Never rub a stain, "pinch out" as much as you can, using a clean cloth or paper tissue. Some stains need special treatment (see below).
3. Absorbent pad method.
4. With solvents work from outside towards centre of stain, holding an absorbent pad underneath the cloth behind the stain.
5. Do not use Amyl Acetate on acetate or triacetate.

6. Test for colour fastness before removing stain.















**Note:**

Take great care with poisonous chemicals and flammable liquids. Only use solvents in a well ventilated place. Keep chemicals, flammable liquids and solvents out of reach of children and pets.

**WARNING**

Whilst this guide is reproduced to assist you, it is important that all items marked  are used only as per manufacturers recommendation. Never mix any chemical products.

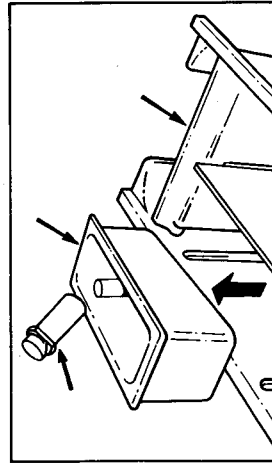
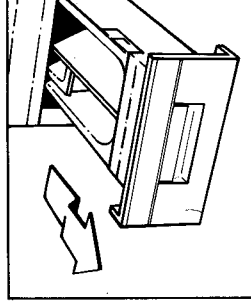
## Stubborn Stain Guide



	Methylated Spirits 	Methylated Spirits 	Absorbent pad method	Or rub with ice and pick off by hand
Carbon Paper	Methylated Spirits	Absorbent pad method		
Chewing gum	Methylated Spirits	Absorbent pad method		
Glue	Cold Water or Amyl Acetate 	Wash in cold solution for soluble glues		Waterproof glue should be treated with Amyl Acetate using absorbent pad method
Grass	Methylated Spirits 	Sponge with methylated spirits		
Grease/Oil	Proprietary solvent 	Absorbent pad method		
Ink (biro, felt tip)	Methylated Spirits 	Absorbent pad method		
Lipstick and face creams	Proprietary solvent 	Absorbent pad method		
Midew/white cottons and linens	Chlorine bleach 	Soak white cottons and linens in 1 part bleach in 100 parts water		
Midew (all other white fabrics)	Hydrogen peroxide 	Soak other white fabrics in 1 part hydrogen peroxide 20 vol. to 4 parts water		Coloureds cannot be treated except for regular washing
Nail varnish	Amyl Acetate 	Absorbent pad method		Rinse well. There is no safe home treatment for coloureds but regular washing will reduce marks
Paint: Emulsion	Water	Sponge immediately with cold water		Dried stains are permanent
Paint: Oil	Turpentine, or Amyl Acetate 	Absorbent pad method		Colour removed by perspiration cannot be restored
Perspiration	Hydrogen peroxide 	Rinse immediately in cold water and wash. If stain remains soak in 1 part hydrogen peroxide 20 vol. 4 parts water and wash		
Rust/iron mould (for all fabrics)	Lemon juice	Soak stains in lemon juice and iron under damp cloth. Repeat if necessary		
Rust/iron mould (for white cottons and linens)	Oxalic acid (very poisonous) 	Use 1/2 teaspoon of oxalic acid in 1/2 pint of hot water		
Shoe polish	Glycerine and proprietary solvent	Lubricate with glycerine and use solvent with absorbent pad method		
Tar	Proprietary solvent 	Scrape off surplus, soften with butter and wipe off, apply solvent and wash immediately		

# Care & Cleaning

After use of the appliance make sure the power is Off. Switch off at the socket. Remove plug.

- a) To remove the detergent dispenser drawer from the detergent box, pull the drawer fully out until resistance is felt, continue to pull out with a sharp snatch. Clean any powder deposit from inside the box. Remove the syphon cap from the drawer and wash in clean water. Replace the syphon ensuring that it is fitted correctly. Replace the drawer into the box, to overcome the initial resistance, the front face of the drawer should be struck sharply with the palm of the hand.
- b) Open the door, clean and dry the rubber door seal and porthole, close the door.
- c) Wipe the cabinet and top with a clean damp cloth. A cleaner may be used but should not contain any abrasive that could damage the paintwork.






For delicate materials, selection of the rinse section after programmes , , and Fast Wash will give optimum results.

The machine will automatically go into spin after the rinsing cycle is complete unless Crease Care is selected.

### Using the Machine to Spin Only

This is achieved by selecting either of the spin positions marked on the programme selector.

-  **Short Spin** (500r.p.m.) should be selected for delicate materials.
-  **Long Spin** (1000r.p.m.) for other materials.

Materials washed on programme  may be spun on long spin if you intend to tumble dry or you do not need to minimise creasing.

# International Textile Care Label Codes

The Control Settings on your machine correspond with the International Textile Care Label numbers, which give the correct wash programme for the various fabrics. Selection of the wash programme is therefore simple and straightforward. Look for the wash code numbers on the

garment and select the same number on the Programme Selector. Where there are no numbers on garments, the following guide will help you select the right programme.

Care Label/ Programme		Fabric and Soiling	Maximum Load		Select Programme Position	Select Crease Care	Select Half Load	Select Slow Spin	Select Economy Wash
NEW	OLD		Full	Half					
		Cotton and Linen. White or colour-fast to boiling. Heavy soil.	5kg 11lb	2.3kg 5lb		No	—	Optional	
		Cotton and Linen. White or colour-fast to boiling. Normal soil.	5kg 11lb	2.3kg 5lb		No	Optional	No	
		Cotton and Linen. White or colour-fast to boiling. Light soil.	5kg 11lb	2.3kg 5lb		No	Optional	Yes	
		Cotton and Linen. Colour-fast at 60°C. Normal soil.	5kg 11lb	2.3kg 5lb		No	Optional	Optional	
		Nylon and Polyester/Cotton — Coloured.	2kg 4.5lb	1kg 2.2lb		Optional	Optional	Optional	
		Cotton and Linen. Colour-fast at 40°C but not at 60°C. Normal soil.	5kg 11lb	2.3kg 5lb		No	Optional	Optional	
		Delicate synthetics, Acrylics, Man-made fibre blankets.	2kg 4.5lb	1kg 2.2lb		Optional	Optional	Optional	
		Woolens (labelled Machine Washable) and Wool Mixtures.	2kg 4.5lb	1kg 2.2lb		No	No	Optional	
Fast Wash		Any machine-washable fabric excluding delicates.	Dependent on materials			Optional	Optional	Optional	
Rinsing and Spinning	+	Any machine-washable fabric requiring rinsing and spinning only	Dependent on materials		Any rinse position	No	Optional	—	
Spinning only	+	Any machine-washable fabric requiring spinning only			Spin position	No	—	—	

\* See paragraph on slow spin switch on page 5.

† See section on pages 6 and 7 for full description.